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PETER F WEINBERG  
GIBSON DUNN AND CRUTCHER LLP  
SUITE 4100  
1801 CALIFORNIA STREET  
DENVER, CO 80202

EXAMINER
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TARAE, CATHERINE MICHELLE

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3623

SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
3 MONTHS	04/19/2007	PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

## Office Action Summary

**Application No.**

09/811,311

**Applicant(s)**

DIMITRUK ET AL.

**Examiner**

C. Michelle Tarae

**Art Unit**

3623

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 February 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-47 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-47 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on February 14, 2007 has been entered.

Claims 1, 45 and 46 have been amended. Claims 1-47 are now pending in this application.

### ***Response to Amendment***

2. Applicant's amendments to claims 1, 45 and 46 are acknowledged.

### ***Response to Arguments***

3. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not persuasive. In the Remarks, Applicant argues the following:

1) that the invention of the instant application and the invention of Hayward are different because Hayward is a developer tool used to generate a second application, whereas the instant invention is not a developed based application for creating another second application, but is an application for an end user, not by a developer; and

2) that Hayward fails to teach the newly added limitation of determining a current recommendation that is generated iteratively.

Art Unit: 3623

In response to argument 1), Examiner respectfully disagrees. Examiner respectfully submits that the intended use of a prior art reference is irrelevant as long as the disclosure of the prior art reference reads on the claims. Claim 1 of the instant application, for example, recites that it is for assisting a user in a process of decision-making or analysis involving a topic. Similarly, Hayward discloses embodiments where the system is used to help users in making qualification decisions (col. 5, lines 20-56). That Hayward teaches generating a second application to perform the method steps as claimed in claim 1 of the instant application is irrelevant, as claim 1 is currently recited does not preclude a second application from performing the method steps. Finally, Hayward teaches a Simulator that is used to emulate the performance of the questionnaire where the builder of the questionnaire may interact with the questionnaire like an end user (col. 13, lines 39-51). Thus, Examiner respectfully submits that the invention of the instant application and the invention of Hayward are sufficiently analogous that the application of Hayward to reject the claims is proper.

In response to argument 2), Examiner respectfully disagrees. Hayward discloses a guideline application program (GAP) that uses algorithms to assists users in making qualification decisions (col. 5, lines 10-13) by asking a user subsequent questions based on answers to previous questions, thereby creating an interactive, incremental approach to aiding the user in coming to a decision (col. 3, lines 55-64; col. 6, lines 4-17; col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 2).

Art Unit: 3623

Lastly, Applicant argues that Hayward fails to teach making the current recommendation optionally available to be displayed as desired by the user.

Examiner finds this argument persuasive. An updated rejection is provided below in response to this argument.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayward et al. (U.S. 5,574,828).

As per claim 1, Hayward et al. discloses a method for assisting a user in a process of decision-making or analysis involving a topic, with the aid of a computer and a display screen in association with the computer, comprising:

(a) establishing an algorithm and entering the algorithm into a computer (col. 5, lines 10-13; col. 10, lines 51-52; col. 12, lines 27-35; Figure 17; The system uses algorithms for determining the logic behind the questionnaires.);

(b) displaying a screen set having information concerning the topic (col. 13, lines 46-48; col. 14, lines 12-21 and 28-35; Figures 24-27; Graphical windows are displayed to users. The windows may include informational data.);

Art Unit: 3623

(c) displaying a screen set soliciting a set of input data for input by the user, and inputting said set of input data (col. 10, lines 49-51; col. 14, lines 18-21; Figures 24-27; Users are asked to answer questions.);

(d) determining a current recommendation generated incrementally by processing the input data through at least a portion of the algorithm (col. 3, lines 55-64; col. 7, lines 34-40; col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 2; col. 12, lines 27-35; Recommendations are determined based on the input received from a user, where the input is received incrementally by asking the user subsequent questions based on answers to previous questions.);

(f) displaying a screen set soliciting additional input data and for modifying previous input data as desired, the contents of said screen set dependent on and being determined by step (d), and inputting said additional input data and/or modified previous input data (col. 3, lines 31-36 and 50-54; col. 12, lines 21-33; col. 14, lines 18-21; Figures 24-26; Users can go back and forth through the health questionnaire interface to provide additional input or change previous answers in the health questionnaire. Figures 24-26 merely represent exemplary screen sets of a hand-held device that allow a user to modify previous input data, the use of the hand-held device being described in col. 14, lines 12-27. The algorithm editor discloses how the questions are used to elicit certain information for particular guidelines/recommendations. Therefore, the questions displayed on the screen to the user are dependent on the rules/algorithms of the guideline and the recommendation is dependent on the answers to the questions.);

Art Unit: 3623

(g) repeating steps (d), (e) and (f) as desired (col. 14, lines 18-21; Figures 24-26; Users can go back and forth through the interface to provide additional input or change previous answers. See "Back Up" buttons in the interfaces.); and

(h) displaying a screen set showing the current recommendation or analysis (col. 10, lines 52-55; col. 13, lines 23-36; Recommendations are displayed to the user conducting the questionnaire.).

While Hayward discloses providing the builders of the questionnaire options for how to display recommendations to end-users (col. 9, lines 1-2; col. 12, lines 59-62; col. 24, line 65-col. 25, line 2; col. 25, lines 3-4, 17-18 and 33-34; Recommendations are outputs of the questionnaires/guidelines. When setting up the display feedback routine, the user selects which display option they desire to be displayed: the Health Risk Feedback, the Suggestion Feedback (i.e., the recommendation) or the Patient Education Feedback. Thus, the various display options are optionally available for display. Figure 73 shows a branch for the display feedback routine going to either the Health Risk Feedback display, the Suggestion Feedback display, or the Education Feedback display.), Hayward does not expressly disclose making the current recommendation optionally available to be displayed as desired by the user. However, Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the art of survey/questionnaire administration to display the outcome of the survey/questionnaire based on the desire of the user taking the survey/questionnaire. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Hayward to make the current recommendation optionally available to be displayed as

Art Unit: 3623

desired by the user because doing so allows the user to decide for themselves whether or not they want to view the current recommendation or go back and alter any previously submitted answers which may affect the outcome of the current recommendation, thereby providing a flexible, user-friendly questionnaire interface.

As per claim 2, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the information screen set includes a first plurality of screens, the first plurality of screens being organized in accordance with a first organization scheme in which the screens are presented in a particular sequence (col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 17, lines 44-53; The sequence of questions displayed to a user is controlled by the system, where a question is associated with a screen (see Figures 24-26).).

As per claim 3, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 2, wherein said first organization scheme includes the viewing of one or more particular screens being a precondition to the viewing of one or more other particular screens (col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 17, lines 44-53; The sequence of questions displayed to a user is controlled by the system, where a question is associated with a screen (see Figures 24-26). The question screens displayed to a user are based on the user's answers to previous questions.).

As per claim 4, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 3, wherein the information screen set includes a second plurality of screens, the second plurality of screens being organized in accordance with a second organization scheme different from the first organization scheme, and further comprising selecting for display the first organization scheme or the second organization scheme based upon the input data



Art Unit: 3623

(col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 11, line 64-col. 12, line 2; col. 17, lines 44-53; The sequence of questions displayed to a user is based on the user's answers to previous questions. Therefore, the question sequence has more than one organization scheme based on the branching of questions.).

As per claim 5, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the screen set of step (f) include a plurality of screen sets being organized in accordance with a plurality of different organizations scheme, and further comprising selecting among said screen sets and organization schemes based on the input data (col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 11, line 64-col. 12, line 2; col. 17, lines 44-53; The sequence of questions displayed to a user is based on the user's answers to previous questions. Therefore, the question sequence has different organization schemes based on the branching of questions.).

As per claim 6, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein the algorithm includes computational logic for processing the input data and presentation logic for selecting the screen set and organizations for display (col. 8, line 66-col. 9, line 7; col. 12, lines 29-35; The algorithms determine the sequence questions are displayed to a user based on the user's answers to previous questions.).

As per claim 7, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 6, wherein the computational logic includes arithmetic logic for mathematically operating on numerical input data to derive numerical processed data (col. 8, line 66-col. 9, line 7; col. 12, lines 3-12 and 29-35; The algorithms determine the sequence questions are displayed to a

Art Unit: 3623

user based on the user's answers to previous questions. Answers may have different formats including numbers, "yes, no or not sure," and multiple choice.).

As per claim 8, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 7, wherein the computational logic includes operations logic for determining conclusions based at least in part on non-numeric input data (col. 12, lines 3-12; Answers may have different formats including numbers, "yes, no or not sure," and multiple choice.).

As per claim 9, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 8, wherein the presentation logic includes navigational logic for establishing a set of screens having a determined organization scheme based on results determined by the computational logic using the input data (col. 8, line 66-col. 9, line 7; col. 12, lines 29-35; The algorithms determine the sequence questions are displayed to a user based on the user's answers to previous questions.).

As per claim 10, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 9, wherein the presentation logic includes display logic for establishing a format for display of the screen sets established in claim 9 (col. 8, line 66-col. 9, line 7; col. 12, lines 29-35; The algorithms determine the sequence questions are displayed to a user based on the user's answers to previous questions.).

As per claim 11, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein step (a) includes establishing a decision tree, transforming said decision tree into an algorithm, and embodying the algorithm in a computer code (col. 21, lines 34-36; The algorithm uses decision trees and branching to determine the question display sequence.).

As per claim 12, Hayward et al. discloses the method of step 11, further comprising: testing the algorithm with a set of test data to generate a test recommendation; comparing the test recommendation to a predetermined recommendation; revising the algorithm to correct for an undesired discrepancy between the test recommendation and the predetermined recommendation; and repeating the foregoing steps of this claim 11 until there is no undesired discrepancy (col. 8, lines 32-40; col. 9, lines 24-28 and 63-66; col. 10, lines 5-17; A reliability feature is used to determine inconsistencies. A simulation is also used to test the logic of the questionnaire and recommendation.).

As per claim 13, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein at least some of the input data includes a degree of certainty regarding said input data (col. 12, line 4; The user answers may include "not sure" responses, which implies a degree of certainty.).

As per claim 14, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 13, wherein the degree of certainty data is utilized in producing recommendations (col. 7, lines 37-40; col. 12, line 4; The user answers may include "not sure" responses, which implies a degree of certainty. The answers are utilized to determine a recommendation.).

As per claim 15, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 12 wherein the degree of certainty data is utilized in determining the degree of certainty of a recommendation (col. 7, lines 37-40; col. 12, line 4; The user answers may include "not sure" responses, which implies a degree of certainty. The answers are utilized to determine a recommendation.).

As per claim 16, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein the algorithm is used with a relational database (col. 10, lines 7-10 and 20-21; col. 24, lines 25-43).

As per claim 17, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, further comprising: determining at least one reason for a recommendation related to input data; and displaying on the screen at least one said reason (col. 13, lines 23-26; col. 36, lines 1-7; Figures 82 and 83; The system displays reasons with each guideline.).

As per claim 18, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 17, further comprising: determining a plurality of reasons for the recommendation that are related to the user input; and displaying on the screen a plurality of reasons for the recommendation (col. 9, lines 8-15; col. 13, lines 23-26; col. 36, lines 1-7; Figures 82 and 83; The system displays reasons with each guideline. Additionally, each recommendation has health risk statements associated therewith. A health risk is a reason for a recommendation.).

As per claim 19, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 18, further comprising: displaying said plurality of reasons in an order corresponding to their importance in generating the set of information (col. 12, lines 28-43; col. 13, lines 28-32; Health risk scores are associated with a health risk, and the health risk score is weighted to prioritize possible recommendations.).

As per claim 20, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein the user input is a plurality of input, and further comprising: displaying a screen inviting the user to change at least one item of input; changing at least one item of input; then using

Art Unit: 3623

said changed input to regenerate a recommendation (col. 14, lines 18-21; Figures 24-26; Users can go back and forth through the interface to provide additional input or change previous answers. See "Back Up" buttons in the interfaces.).

As per claim 21, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 20, wherein the regenerated recommendation is based on said changed input together with items of input that are not changed (col. 7, lines 34-40; col. 12, lines 27-35; Recommendations are determined based on the input received from a user.).

As per claim 22, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein screen displays are presented as pages (Figures 24-26).

As per claim 23, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein screen displays are presented as pages, and at least one of the pages is displayed only after certain input is made by the user (col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 11, line 64-col. 12, line 2; col. 17, lines 44-53; Figures 24-27; The sequence of questions displayed to a user is based on the user's answers to previous questions.).

As per claim 24, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein the recommendation is based in part directly upon input from the user and in part upon information derived from input from the user (col. 12, lines 28-43).

As per claim 25, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising: entering a desired recommendation into the computer; determining a discrepancy between a determined recommendation and a desired recommendation; determining a type of changed input that would eliminate said discrepancy; and displaying on a screen said type of changed input (col. 8, lines 32-40; col. 9, lines 24-28

Art Unit: 3623

and 63-66; col. 10, lines 5-17; A reliability feature is used to determine inconsistencies.

A simulation is also used to test the logic of the questionnaire and recommendation.).

As per claim 26, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 25, wherein the step of determining a type of changed input includes determining a plurality of changed input, and said step of displaying on a screen said type of changed input includes displaying a plurality of said type of changed input (col. 8, lines 32-40; col. 9, lines 24-28 and 63-66; col. 10, lines 5-17; A reliability feature is used to determine inconsistencies. A simulation is also used to test the logic of the questionnaire and recommendation. Validity data is used to determine inconsistencies in the application.).

As per claim 27, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising: assigning a degree of importance to at least some of the input parameters; and wherein said determined recommendation is based at least in part on said assigned degree of importance (col. 12, lines 28-43; Health risk scores are associated with some input parameters. The health risk score is weighted to assign a degree of importance to some inputs to better determine a recommendation.).

As per claim 28, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein at least a portion of a recommendation is to obtain expert advice (col. 13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

As per claim 29, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 28, wherein said expert advice recommendation includes directions to information about an expert (col.

Art Unit: 3623

13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

As per claims 30, 33 and 34, Hayward et al. does not expressly disclose the method of claims 29, 32 and 34, wherein the computer is in communication with the Internet, and said directions include a link to an expert's website; wherein the computer is in communication with a network and said identified person or organization has a site also in communication with the network, and wherein said identifying includes a link from said displayed screens to said persons' site; and wherein the network is the Internet. However, Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known to administer surveys/questionnaires over the Internet and to provide links to other locations on the Internet (i.e., websites) from the survey/questionnaire. Thus, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art for the system of Hayward et al. to be connected to the Internet and to link to experts' sites since doing so would provide global access to the system and enhance the recommendation process, thus providing convenient and easy access to users of the system.

As per claim 31, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein step (a) includes receiving expertise from a person or organization knowledgeable in the topic, and further comprising providing consideration to said person in exchange for said expertise (col. 13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

Art Unit: 3623

As per claim 32, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 31, wherein said consideration includes the provision of identifying a person or organization on one or more displayed screens (col. 13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

As per claim 35, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 31, wherein said consideration is based at least in part on the number of uses of the system (col. 13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

As per claim 36, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 31, wherein said person pays consideration in addition to the provision of expertise (col. 13, lines 23-36; Templates are used to provide a user with a recommendation that may include health interventions and clinician actions.).

As per claim 37, Hayward et al. does not expressly disclose the method of claim 36, wherein the consideration paid by said person is based at least in part on referrals to said person. However, the health interventions that may be a part of a recommendation as disclosed by Hayward et al. (col. 13, lines 23-36) could include referrals to another physician as doing so is standard practice in the industry. Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the medical industry that if a patient's health is at risk and an intervention for the risk requires seeing an expert or specialist, usually a referral is initiated. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art for the system of Hayward et al. to include a referral as part of a recommendation because doing so enhances the



health recommendation system by providing a patient with a referral to a someone who is qualified to fulfill the health recommendation when the referring physician can't.

As per claims 38 and 39, Hayward et al. does not expressly disclose the method of claim 31, further comprising charging users for use of the method through at least one of a user subscription fee, a per-use fee and a blended fee; or wherein said consideration is based at least in part on revenue or profit realized from use of the method by users. However, charging users for answering questions of a health questionnaire, which is, in essence, a health consultation, is old and well known in the industry. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art for the system of Hayward et al. to include charging users fees for use of the questionnaire system, or to have the consideration based in part on revenue or profit from use of the questionnaire system, because doing so would make the questionnaire more marketable to physicians or other professionals who would use the system to enhance their services. The more fees or revenue or profit a physician receives for conducting a consultation, the more likely they are to conduct the consultation.

As per claim 40, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising assigning degrees of importance to a plurality of potential recommendations (col. 13, lines 28-32).

As per claim 41, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 40, further comprising assigning degrees of importance to items of input data based at least in part on their importance in determining recommendations having assigned degrees of

Art Unit: 3623

importance (col. 12, lines 28-43; Health risk scores are associated with some input parameters. The health risk score is weighted to assign a degree of importance to some inputs to better determine a recommendation.).

As per claim 42, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 41, further comprising selecting sets of screens for display based at least in part on the assigned degree of importance of input data solicited or used in said sets of screens (col. 12, lines 28-43; Health risk scores are associated with some input parameters. The health risk score is weighted to assign a degree of importance to some inputs to better determine a recommendation. Depending on which recommendation is selected will determine which recommendation screen is displayed.).

As per claim 43, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 5, wherein step (a) includes establishing a relationship, transforming said relationship into an algorithm, and embodying the algorithm in a computer code (col. 7, line 61-col. 8, line 5; col. 11, line 64-col. 12, line 2; col. 17, lines 44-53; Relationships are established in a guideline to determine a correct sequence of questions. The relationship uses answers from previous questions to determine a subsequent question.).

As per claim 44, Hayward et al. discloses the method of claim 1 further including providing definitions of terms to educate the user in providing data (col. 9, lines 12-15; col. 13, lines 35-36; col. 14, lines 28-36; The system displays education materials to a user as an information tool.).

Art Unit: 3623

Claims 45-47 recite substantially similar subject matter to claims 1-29, 31, 32, 35, 36, 40-44 above. Therefore, claims 45-47 are rejected on the same basis as claims 1-29, 31, 32, 35, 36, 40-44 above.

Additionally, with regard to claim 45, Hayward further discloses making input and context sensitive information available to assist the user in inputting the input data (col. 10, lines 22-23 and 39-40; col. 14, lines 8-10; The system includes a Help feature that provides users with context-sensitive information to help them interact with the system.).

### ***Conclusion***

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Reese (U.S. 6,236,980) discusses a system for providing investment security recommendations in which a summarization of reasons for the recommendation is optionally displayed to the user; and
- Bayer et al. (U.S. 6,311,190) discusses conducting surveys over a network in which the results page of the survey is optionally displayed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Michelle Tarae whose telephone number is 571-272-6727. The examiner can normally be reached Monday – Friday from 8:30am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz, can be reached at 571-272-6729.

Art Unit: 3623

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

  
C. MICHELLE TARAE  
PRIMARY EXAMINER

April 12, 2007